NOV 0 & 2003

Application Number 09/721,610

Filing/Receipt Date 11/24/200

GRP ART UNIT 3736

Confirmation NO. 1640

Name of Applicant, Mohamed Khaled Mohamed El Hatw , Cairo

,EGYPT

Title of Invention, Detector of living tissue strength & electrical

resistance & activity

## Commissure of patents & Trademarks

Washington. D.C. 20231

## Dear Brian Szmal,

Thank you for your comprehensive and elaborative examination remarks and valuable comments, however I find great and basic differences between this work and the work of other inventors.

Papa	My invention
Patent number 4184486	
The instrument	The instrument
Papa is claiming for a probe of a	My probe is measuring three
single function.	simultaneous functions. a fourth
	function can be the papa's probe
	function if I follow his principle
	and use two electrodes of different
	materials.
	7 N. 4.
The principle	The principle
Papa is describing the use of 2	My invention is much simpler it
different electrodes to "generate a	uses 2 electrodes of the same
current" that can be detected by the	material and measure the resistance
monitor; he did not mention the	of the intervening tissue to the
electrical resistance in his	passage of an exogenous electrical
invention.	current.
The wire	The wire
1. According to your kind letter	1. I am claiming for a wire
page 6 item 15 line 4, papa	
1	inside or in the wall or at the outer

13/1

1 1	C / 1	1
body	of the	probe.

2. Papa did not disclose any other way to convey the signal rather than the wire transmitting an electrical signal.

surface of the body of the probe.

2. I have also included any other mean to convey the signal to include light signal, or barometric signal or any future use of the laser beam.

Urban et al	My invention
Patent number 5626597	
The instrument  Urban describes a surgical instrument having a cutting function that can be replaced by any diagnostic probe through the same trocar	I describe a diagnostic sensor device (a probe) of three different diagnostic functions that can be replaced by any cutting instrument through the same trocar.
The trocar Urban describes a specific instrument with a specific trocar	In my invention any trocar can be used –including Urban et al trocarfor the passage of the probe. The biopsy needle with a groove is preferred as the trocar forms with an internal grooved needle a complete biopsy instrument.
The probe Urban did not specify any specific probe. My probe, papa's probe or any other probe can be used through the trocar of his surgical instrument.	The three-functioned probe is the core of my invention.
monitor to his surgical instrument	In my invention a system composed of an electrical source, an electrical switch, two electrical current measuring units and an electrical impedance unit with a suitable recording program are referred to.

## The cutting instrument

Urban describes and claims for a very specific cutting instrument that can be replaced by any diagnostic probe.

I did not refer to any specific cutting instrument; Urban's surgical instrument, a grooved needle or any other cutting surgical instrument can be used to replace my probe after its use in the diagnosis of the tissue anatomy & pathology.

# Stoianovici et al Patent number 6337994 B1

## The probe

The probe has a single function of measuring the electrical impedance.

#### The insulator

claim he disclosed 3 "Electrical insulator comprises a of insulating sleeve material disposed on said stylet, wherein said stylet is selectively slidably removable from said trocar sleeve, and wherein said sleeve insulating material is removable from said trocar sleeve with said stylet"

## The material of the probe

In claim 4 he disclosed "The stylet is formed from an electrically conductive material whereby said means for electrically connecting said second electrically conductive portion to said proximal end portion comprises a main body of the stylet intermediate said proximal end portion and said distal end thereof"

# In my invention

## The probe

The probe has three functions, measurement of the electrical impedance is one of them.

## The insulator

A transverse electrical insulator separates the tip of the probe to serve as an electrode to measure the impedance of the surrounding target tissues. This will reduce the transverse diameter of the instrument and reduce one step of removing the insulator during the use of the probe.

# The material of the probe

The probe can be made from an electrically non-conductive material as plastic or PVC as the electrical current is conducted from the tip of the probe to its base through the said third wire and the fourth wire can be conducted directly to the trocar or to any other neutral point.

# The neutral electrode

In claim 7 he disclosed "A surgical probe as in claim 1, further comprising a layer of insulating material disposed in surrounding relation to said trocar sleeve, proximal of said first electrode, so as to electrically insulate the trocar sleeve, proximal of said first electrode, from a material into which the probe has been inserted".

## The neutral electrode

The trocar sleeve is in direct contact with the surrounding tissues so as the impedance of the target tissue is measured in relation to sum of the impedance of different tissues surrounding the trocar.

In my invention any metal trocar as that of the grooved biopsy needle can serve as a trocar for the probe

# Listing of claims

Claim 1 (Currently amended) Claim 2 (Currently amended)

Claim 3 (Currently amended)